

# Package: fst4pg (via r-universe)

September 16, 2024

**Title** Genetic Distance Segmentation for Population Genetics

**Version** 1.0.0

**Date** 2022-06-15

**Description** Provides efficient methods to compute local and genome wide genetic distances (corresponding to the so called Hudson Fst parameters) through moment method, perform chromosome segmentation into homogeneous Fst genomic regions, and selection sweep detection for multi-population comparison. When multiple profile segmentation is required, the procedure can be parallelized using the future package.

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

**Imports** dplyr, fpopw, furrr, future, ggplot2, gplots, graphics, grDevices, purrr, rlang, scales, stats, stringr, tibble, tidyverse, utils

**LazyData** true

**RoxygenNote** 7.2.0

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Author** Tristan Mary-Huard [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3839-9067>>), Guillem Rigail [aut] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7176-7511>>)

**Maintainer** Tristan Mary-Huard <[tristan.mary-huard@agroparistech.fr](mailto:tristan.mary-huard@agroparistech.fr)>

**Date/Publication** 2022-07-03 18:20:02 UTC

**Repository** <https://tmaryhuard.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/cran/fst4pg>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** 0f43b332a8a631a35e2ba67ed750d6269ffcd867

## Contents

BuildFreqNbG	2
Compute_Denominator	3
Compute_Nominator	3
ContrastGraphSummary	4
ContrastSummary	5
ContrastTopRegions	6
DF4Plot1Prof	7
Freq	7
Freq.filt	8
HeatMap	8
HudsonFst.gw	10
HudsonFst.m	10
HudsonFst.plot	11
HudsonFst.prof	12
Info	13
MakeProfile.op	14
MakeProfile.sn_nomemory	14
MergeRegion	15
NbGamete	16
Plot1Prof	16
ProfilingSummary	17
Ratio_Average	17
RawPlot	18
Summarise1Profile	18

<b>Index</b>	<b>19</b>
--------------	-----------

---

<b>BuildFreqNbG</b>	<i>Convert the Freq and NbGamete tables into a list.</i>
---------------------	--

---

### Description

The function builds a list where each element corresponds to a population present in both Freq and NbGametes (all other populations being discarded). Each element consists of a data.frame with 2 columns, Freq and NbGamete.

### Usage

```
BuildFreqNbG(Freq, NbGamete)
```

### Arguments

Freq	A data.frame or matrix of frequencies where each row corresponds to a marker, each column corresponds to a population,
NbGamete	A data.frame or matrix of number of gametes where each row corresponds to a marker, and each column corresponds to a population

**Value**

a list of data.frames, each corresponding to a population.

**Examples**

```
## Load the HGDP data
data(Freq); data(NbGamete)
FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq, NbGamete)
```

---

Compute\_Denominator    *Computation of the numerator of the moment estimator*

---

**Description**

Computation of the numerator of the moment estimator

**Usage**

```
Compute_Denominator(p1, p2)
```

**Arguments**

p1	numeric, frequencies in population 1
p2	numeric, frequencies in population 2

**Value**

a vector with the denominators of the Fst moment estimator

---

Compute\_Nominator    *Computation of the numerator of the moment estimator*

---

**Description**

Computation of the numerator of the moment estimator

**Usage**

```
Compute_Nominator(p1, p2, n1, n2)
```

**Arguments**

p1	numeric, frequencies in population 1
p2	numeric, frequencies in population 2
n1	numeric, number of gametes in population 1
n2	numeric, number of gametes in population 2

**Value**

a vector with the numerators of the Fst moment estimator

**ContrastGraphSummary**    *ContrastGraphSummary*

**Description**

Display mean ratio and/or number of selection graphs

**Usage**

```
ContrastGraphSummary(
  CS,
  Info,
  Ratio.thres,
  Coef = 1,
  CutNbSel = NULL,
  CutMeanRatio = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

CS	a contrast summary, as provided by function <code>ContrastSummary</code>
Info	a data.frame providing information about markers
Ratio.thres	a numeric value, regions exhibiting Fst levels whose ratio with the reference level is higher than Ratio.thres will be highlighted.
Coef	a scalar, controlling font sizes for the graph, optional
CutNbSel	a scalar, providing a y-value for an horizontal line on the NbSel graph
CutMeanRatio	a scalar, providing a y-value for an horizontal line on the MeanRatio graph

**Value**

two ggplots objects, called NbSel and MeanRatio, respectively.

---

ContrastSummary

*ContrastSummary*

---

## Description

Summarize multiple Fst profiles

## Usage

```
ContrastSummary(PS, RefLevel, Ratio.thres = 3, NbSnp.min = 1)
```

## Arguments

PS	a list of profile summaries, as provided by the ProfilingSummary function
RefLevel	a list of reference (i.e. baseline) Fst levels
Ratio.thres	a numeric value, regions exhibiting Fst levels whose ratio with the reference level is higher than Ratio.thres will be highlighted.
NbSnp.min	an integer. The minimum number of markers required to highlight a region

## Value

a tibble

## Examples

```
## The full example execution takes a few seconds.  
# data(Freq);data(NbGamete)  
# FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq,NbGamete)  
# HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)  
  
## Two sets of populations to contrast  
# Contrast <- list(America=c("Colombian", "Maya"), Europe=c("Tuscan", "Italian"))  
# Profiles <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=Contrast)  
# PS <- ProfilingSummary(Profiles,Info)  
  
# RefLevel <- rapply(Profiles,median,classes = "numeric",how='list')  
# Ratio.thres <- 3  
# NbSnp.min <- 1  
# CS <- ContrastSummary(PS, RefLevel,  
#                         Ratio.thres=Ratio.thres,  
#                         NbSnp.min=NbSnp.min)
```

## ContrastTopRegions      *ContrastTopRegions*

## Description

## ContrastTopRegions

## Usage

```
ContrastTopRegions(CS, Crit, Info, Thres, Simplify = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

CS	a list of contrast summaries as obtained from function ContrastSummary
Crit	a string providing the name of the variable to use to select regions
Info	a data.frame providing information about markers
Thres	the threshold to be used on the Crit variable
Simplify	a boolean specifying whether the results should be displayed as a list (by-default option) or as a single data.frame

## Value

a data.frame or a list of data.frames

## Examples

---

**DF4Plot1Prof***DF4Plot1Prof*

---

**Description**

Shape the data for Fst profile representation

**Usage**

```
DF4Plot1Prof(Info, HF, FstProf, Coord = NULL, Threshold = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

Info	a data.frame providing information about markers
HF	a data.frame with 2 columns Fst and Weight, as obtained from the HudsonFst.m function
FstProf	an Fst profile, as obtained from the HudsonFst.prof function
Coord	a vector with the minimum and maximum coordinates (i.e. positions along the genome), providing the range of the genomic region that will be plotted, optional.
Threshold	a numeric value. Markers belonging to regions whose Fst profile is higher than threshold will be highlighted. Optional.

**Value**

a data.frame that can be used as an input for function Plot1Prof

---

**Freq***Frequencies of the American and European HGDP populations*

---

**Description**

Freq is a data.frame containing the frequencies of 49,636 markers located on chromosome 1, for the 13 American and European populations described in the Stanford HGDP dataset.

**Usage**

```
Freq
```

**Format**

A data.frame

**Freq.filt***Filtering markers based on allelic frequencies***Description**

Filtering markers based on allelic frequencies

**Usage**

```
Freq.filt(FreqNbG, Maf = 0)
```

**Arguments**

FreqNbG	a list of data.frames (one per population) with 2 columns: Freq and NbGamete
Maf	a numerci value for the thresholding of minor allelic frequencies

**Value**

a vector of positions to be removed

**HeatMap***HeatMap***Description**

Make a frequency heatmap

**Usage**

```
HeatMap(
  Min,
  Max,
  chr = NULL,
  Info,
  FreqNbG,
  Dir = NULL,
  Weights = NULL,
  Weight.thres = 0.05,
  NbAdjM = 0,
  Subsets = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

Min	the starting position value of the region
Max	the end position value of the region
chr	a string providing the chromosome name, optional
Info	a data.frame providing information about markers
FreqNbG	a list of data.frames (one per population) with two columns: Freq and NbGamete
Dir	a string providing the name of the directory where the graph should be saved, optional
Weights	a vector of weights associated with each marker, optional
Weight.thres	a numeric value. Markers with weights lower than this threshold will be discarded from the graphical representation. Optional.
NbAdjM	an integer providing the number of markers before and after the highlighted regions that should be added to the graphical representation, optional.
Subsets	a list of character vectors with the population names, optional.

## Value

A heatmap where rows correspond to markers, and columns to populations.

## Examples

```
## The full example execution takes a few seconds.
# data(Freq);data(NbGamete)
# FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq,NbGamete)
# HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)

## Two sets of populations to contrast
# Contrast <- list(America=c("Colombian","Maya"),Europe=c("Tuscan","Italian"))
# Profiles <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=Contrast)
# PS <- ProfilingSummary(Profiles,Info)

# RefLevel <- rapply(Profiles,median,classes = "numeric",how='list')
# Ratio.thres <- 3
# NbSnp.min <- 1
# CS <- ContrastSummary(PS, RefLevel,
#                         Ratio.thres=Ratio.thres,
#                         NbSnp.min=NbSnp.min)
# NbSel.thres <- 2
# TopRegions <- ContrastTopRegions(CS = CS,Crit = 'NbSel',Info = Info,
#                                     Thres = NbSel.thres, Simplify=TRUE)
# HeatMap(Min = TopRegions[1,]$Start,
#         Max = TopRegions[1,]$End,
#         chr = TopRegions[1,]$Chromosome,
#         Info = Info,
#         FreqNbG = FreqNbG,
#         Subsets = Contrast)
```

**HudsonFst.gw***HudsonFst.gw***Description**

Compute genome-wide Hudson Fst moment estimator

**Usage**

```
HudsonFst.gw(HFst.m, Mat = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

HFst.m	a list of data.frames as obtained with function <code>HudsonFst.m</code>
Mat	boolean, should the result be output as a matrix.

**Value**

By default a matrix of Hudson Fst coefficients, a vector otherwise.

**Examples**

```
data(Freq); data(NbGamete)
FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq, NbGamete)
HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)
HFst.chr <- HudsonFst.gw(HFst.m)
```

**HudsonFst.m***HudsonFst.m***Description**

Compute Hudson Fst moment estimator at marker level

**Usage**

```
HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)
```

**Arguments**

FreqNbG	a list of data.frames (one per population) with 2 columns: Freq and NbGamete
---------	--

**Value**

a list of data.frames with 2 columns: Fst and Weight.

## Examples

```
## Load the FreqNbG object build from the HGDP data
data(Freq); data(NbGamete)
FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq, NbGamete)
HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)
```

HudsonFst.plot

*Plot Fst values along chromosomes*

## Description

Plot Fst values along chromosomes

## Usage

```
HudsonFst.plot(
  Info,
  HFst.m,
  HFst.prof = NULL,
  Coord = NULL,
  Ref = NULL,
  Threshold = NULL
)
```

## Arguments

Info	a data.frame providing information about markers
HFst.m	a data.frame with 2 columns, Fst and Weight, as provided by the HudsonFst.m function
HFst.prof	a data.frame corresponding to one item of the output of the HudsonFst.prof function
Coord	a vector with the minimum and maximum coordinates (i.e. positions along the genome) providing the range of the genomic region that will be plotted.
Ref	a value to plot a reference line
Threshold	a value to plot a threshold line

## Value

a ggplot object

## Examples

```
## The full example execution takes a few seconds.
data(Freq);data(NbGamete)
FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq,NbGamete)
HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)
TwoPops <- list(First="Colombian",Second="Tuscan")
HFst.prof <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=TwoPops)

## Plot the raw data

HudsonFst.plot(Info,HFst.m$Colombian_Tuscan)

## Plot the raw data and the segmentation

HudsonFst.plot(Info,HFst.m$Colombian_Tuscan,HFst.prof$Colombian_Tuscan)

## Add a background/reference level

RefLevel <- median(HFst.prof$Colombian_Tuscan)
HudsonFst.plot(Info,HFst.m$Colombian_Tuscan,HFst.prof$Colombian_Tuscan,
               Ref=RefLevel)

## Add a threshold

Threshold <- 3*RefLevel
HudsonFst.plot(Info,HFst.m$Colombian_Tuscan,HFst.prof$Colombian_Tuscan,
               Ref=RefLevel,Threshold = Threshold)
```

**HudsonFst.prof**

*HudsonFst.prof*

## Description

Perform FST profiling between pairs of pops, as requested by Contrast. If no contrast is provided, all pairs are considered

## Usage

```
HudsonFst.prof(
  HFst.m,
  Contrast = NULL,
  Kmax = 100,
  NbSegCrit = "biggest.S3IB",
  parallel = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

HFst.m	A list of data.frame with two columns each, Fst and Weight, as provided by the HudsonFst.m function
Contrast	a list of two vectors with the names of the populations to be contrasted
Kmax	maximum number of breakpoints to be considered
NbSegCrit	the criterion used for the choice of the number of segments
parallel	a boolean, should the profiling be parallelized (using future) or not

## Value

a smoothed profile

## Examples

```

data(Freq);data(NbGamete)
FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq,NbGamete)
HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)

## Two population analysis
TwoPops <- list(First="Colombian",Second="Tuscan")
HFst.prof <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=TwoPops)

## The full example execution takes a few seconds.
## Two sets of populations to contrast

Contrast <- list(America=c("Colombian","Maya"),Europe=c("Tuscan","Italian"))
Profiles <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=Contrast)

## For larger lists and/or larger marker sets,
## use the future package for parallel computation:

future::plan("multisession",workers=4)
Profiles <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=Contrast)
future::plan("default")

```

## Description

Info is a data.frame describing the markers located on chromosome 1 in the Stanford HGDP dataset. Each row corresponds to a marker, and the 5 columns provide information about the marker name, its chromosome membership, its position, and its reference and alternative alleles.

## Usage

Info

**Format**

A data.frame

**MakeProfile.op**

*MakeProfile.op*

**Description**

Perform segmentation on a given dataset and returns the segmented profile

**Usage**

```
MakeProfile.op(DF, coef.pen.value = 1, sd.y = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- |                |  |
|----------------|--|
| DF             | a data.frame with two columns, Fst and Weights, as provided by the HudsonFst.m function  |
| coef.pen.value | coef to use for penalty $2 * \text{coef.pen.value} * \log(n)$  |
| sd.y           | a numeric value corresponding to the (estimated) standard deviation of the signal. If NULL (default) the value is automatically estimated. |

**Value**

a smoothed profile

**MakeProfile.sn\_nomemory**

*MakeProfile.sn\_nomemory*

**Description**

Perform segmentation on a given dataset and returns the segmented profile

**Usage**

```
MakeProfile.sn_nomemory(DF, Kmax, method = "biggest.S3IB", sd.y = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

DF	a data.frame with two columns, Fst and Weights, as provided by the <code>HudsonFst.m</code> function
Kmax	max number of changes used for model selection (check with <code>crops</code> )
method	a string, the name of the criterion used for model selection: (1) "givenVariance" = using the penalty of Lebarbier 2005 given a estimator of the variance, (2) "biggest.S3IB" = biggest=TRUE in <code>saut</code> taken from S3IB, (3) "notbiggest.S3IB" To be chosen amongs <code>s3ib.jump</code> , <code>s3ib.nojump</code> , <code>pre</code> , <code>ddse</code> ( <code>capushe</code> ) or <code>jump</code> ( <code>capushe</code> )
sd.y	a numeric value corresponding to the (estimated) standard deviation of the signal. If NULL (default) the value is automatically estimated.

**Value**

a smoothed profile

---

*MergeRegion**MergeRegion*

---

**Description**

Merge adjacent top regions

**Usage**

```
MergeRegion(DT, Crit)
```

**Arguments**

DT	a data.frame
Crit	a string corresponding to the name of the criterion used for selecting the top regions

**Value**

a simplified data.frame (tibble)

---

**NbGamete***Number of gametes of the American and European HGDP populations*

---

**Description**

**NbGamete** is a data.frame containing the number of gametes collected for the 13 American and European populations described in the Stanford HGDP dataset.

**Usage**

```
NbGamete
```

**Format**

A data.frame

---

**Plot1Prof***Plot1Prof*

---

**Description**

Display the graphical representation of an Fst profile

**Usage**

```
Plot1Prof(DF, Title = "", Range = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

- |       |   |
|-------|---|
| DF    | a data.frame, as provided by function DF4Plot1Prof          |
| Title | a string providing a title for the graph, optional.         |
| Range | a vector with the minimum and maximum values for the y-axis |

**Value**

a ggplot object

ProfilingSummary

*ProfilingSummary***Description**

Summary of Fst profiles

**Usage**

```
ProfilingSummary(FstProfiles, SnpInfo)
```

**Arguments**

- |             |   |
|-------------|---|
| FstProfiles | a list of Fst profiles as obtained from function HudsonFst.prof |
| SnpInfo     | a data.frame providing information about markers                |

**Value**

a list of data.frame. Each data.frame summarizes a Fst profile, in terms of number of segments, Start and End positions, length (i.e. number of markers) and Fst level of each segment.

**Examples**

```
data(Freq);data(NbGamete);data(Info)
FreqNbG <- BuildFreqNbG(Freq,NbGamete)
HFst.m <- HudsonFst.m(FreqNbG)
TwoPops <- list(First="Colombian",Second="Tuscan")
HFst.prof <- HudsonFst.prof(HFst.m,Contrast=TwoPops)
PS <- ProfilingSummary(HFst.prof,Info)
```

Ratio\_Average

*Computation of the Fst moment estimator***Description**

Computation of the Fst moment estimator

**Usage**

```
Ratio_Average(Nominator, Denominator)
```

**Arguments**

- |             |   |
|-------------|---|
| Nominator   | numeric, numerators of the Fst moment estimator   |
| Denominator | numeric, denominators of the Fst moment estimator |

**Value**

a vector with the global Fst estimator

**RawPlot**

*RawPlot*

**Description**

Plot the Fst estimates along a (portion of) chromosome

**Usage**

```
RawPlot(Info, HF, Coord = NULL, Title = "")
```

**Arguments**

Info	a data.frame providing information about markers
HF	a data.frame with 2 columns, Fst and Weight, as provided by the HudsonFst.m function
Coord	a vector with the minimum and maximum coordinates (i.e. positions along the genome), providing the range of the genomic region that will be plotted.
Title	a string providing a title for the graph.

**Value**

a ggplot object.

**Summarise1Profile**

*Summarise1Profile*

**Description**

*Summarise1Profile*

**Usage**

```
Summarise1Profile(profile, snpinfo)
```

**Arguments**

profile	a vector, corresponding to the Fst profile of a pair of populations
snpinfo	a data.frame, providing information about markers

**Value**

a data.frame that combines both objects

# Index

## \* datasets

    Freq, [7](#)  
    Info, [13](#)  
    NbGamete, [16](#)

BuildFreqNbG, [2](#)

Compute\_Denominator, [3](#)  
Compute\_Nominator, [3](#)  
ContrastGraphSummary, [4](#)  
ContrastSummary, [5](#)  
ContrastTopRegions, [6](#)

DF4Plot1Prof, [7](#)

    Freq, [7](#)  
    Freq.filt, [8](#)

    HeatMap, [8](#)  
    HudsonFst.gw, [10](#)  
    HudsonFst.m, [10](#)  
    HudsonFst.plot, [11](#)  
    HudsonFst.prof, [12](#)

Info, [13](#)

MakeProfile.op, [14](#)  
MakeProfile.sn\_nomemory, [14](#)  
MergeRegion, [15](#)

NbGamete, [16](#)

Plot1Prof, [16](#)  
ProfilingSummary, [17](#)

Ratio\_Average, [17](#)  
RawPlot, [18](#)

Summarise1Profile, [18](#)